CENTER FOR

GEOSPACE STORYS

Transforming the understanding and predictability of space weather

INNOVATE

EMPOWER

DISCOVER

Understanding stormtime geospace as a complex, coupled system:

Recent progress from the Center for Geospace Storms

Savvas Raptis
S. Merkin, K. Sorathia, D. Lin, S. Bao, A. Sciola, K. Pham
& the CGS team



JOHNS HOPKINS APPLIED PHYSICS LABORATORY / NATIONAL CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH / RICE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES / SYNTEK TECHNOLOGIES / UNIVERSITY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE / VIRGINIA TECH

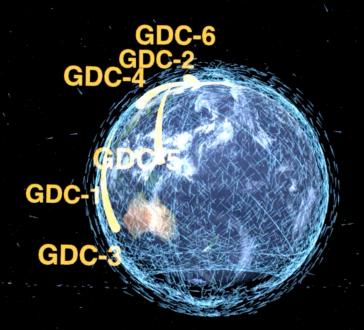


Geospace is a complex system

It exhibits strong coupling across many domains and scales

CGS Mission

- Innovate space weather modeling
- Empower the scientific, academic, operational communities, and the broader public
- Discover together how stormtime geospace responds to solar disturbances



- Treat geospace as a whole
- Resolve mesoscale processes
- Couple to the atmosphere

Innovating space weather modeling & Empowering the community

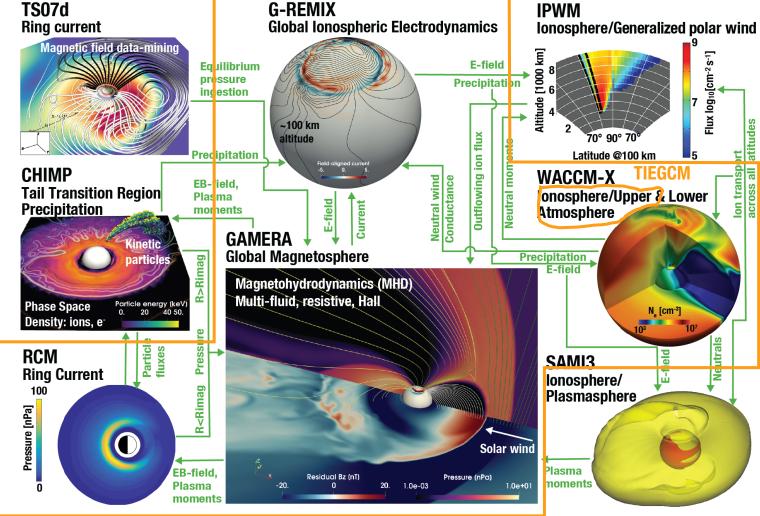
Multiscale Atmosphere-Geospace Environment (MAGE)



- MAGE 0.75 (GAMERA+REMIX+RCM)
 - Available for runs on request at the NAS CCMC
- MAGE 1.0 (GAMERA+REMIX+RCM*+TI EGCM)
 - Science production since 2020
 - Delivered to CCMC in December 2024
 - Expecting runs on request and OSS release this year
- Open-source postprocessing and analysis suite
 - pip install kaipy



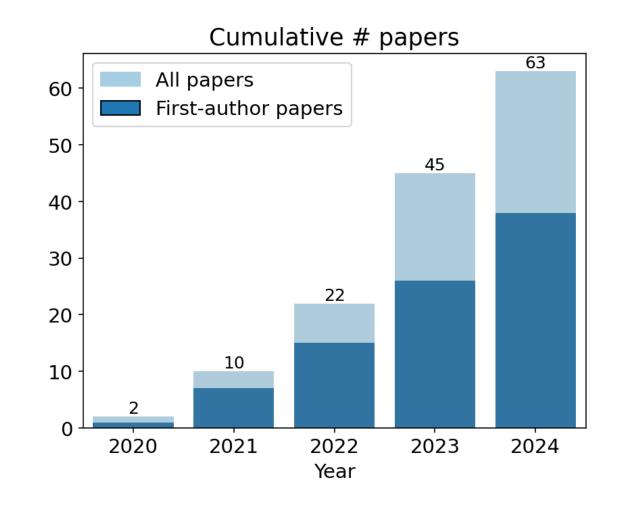






Discovering together how geospace responds to solar disturbances

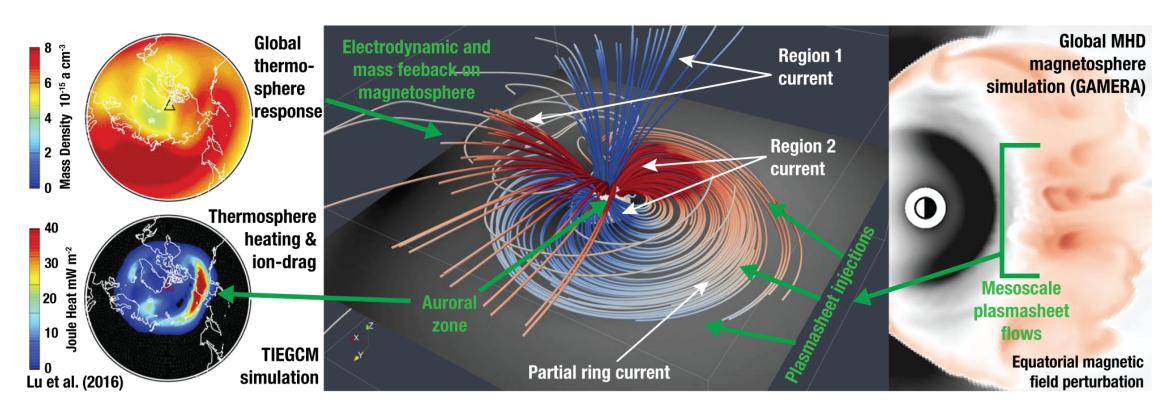
- A steadily growing publication list.
- One first-authored paper per month in the last two years.
- 5 GRLs and 1 AGU Advances out of total 12 first-authored papers last year.
- Growing fraction of collaborative papers each year.





CGS Science Theme 1

Multiscale plasma sheet transport, ring current build-up, and their global impacts throughout stormtime geospace



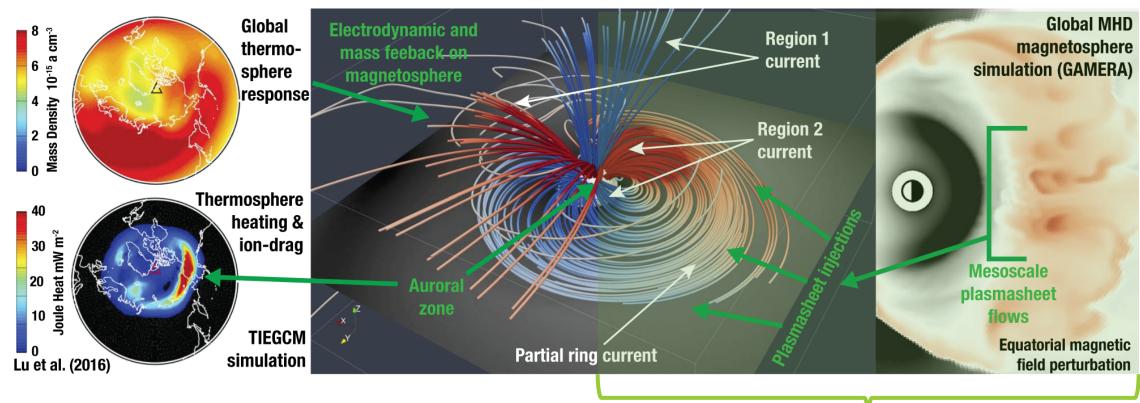
Today we'll highlight

- 3 published works (2 in 2023 and one last summer)
- 1 ongoing effort



CGS Science Theme 1

Multiscale plasma sheet transport, ring current build-up, and their global impacts throughout stormtime geospace



Today we'll highlight

- 3 published works (2 in 2023 and one last summer)

- 1 ongoing effort

Plasmasheet/Magnetotail



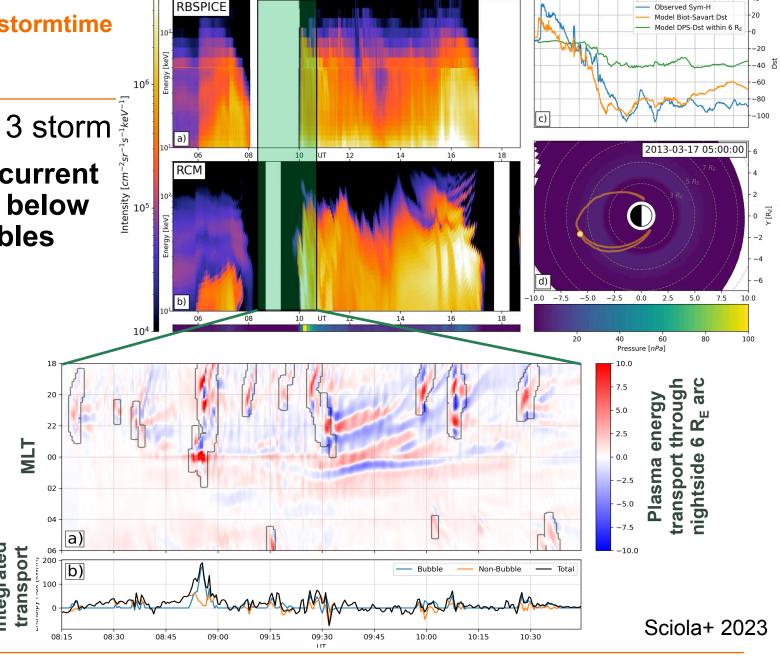
Contribution of plasma sheet bubbles to stormtime ring current buildup

Case study of the March 17, 2013 storm

During initial buildup of the ring current at least 50% of the net transport below 6 R_F is due to plasma sheet bubbles

 The return flows that accompany bubbles as a result of interchange transport outwards an average of 40% of the plasma energy

 The evolution of the modeled ring current energy spectra is due to both an evolving source population and energy-dependent losses



Modeling GMDs w/ MAGE

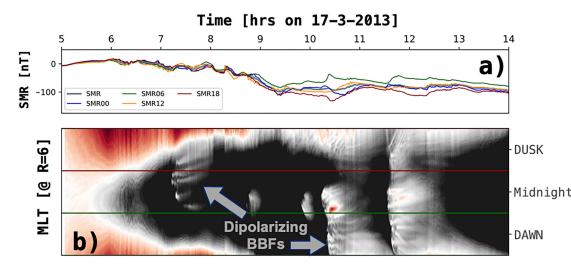
Stormtime MI Coupling

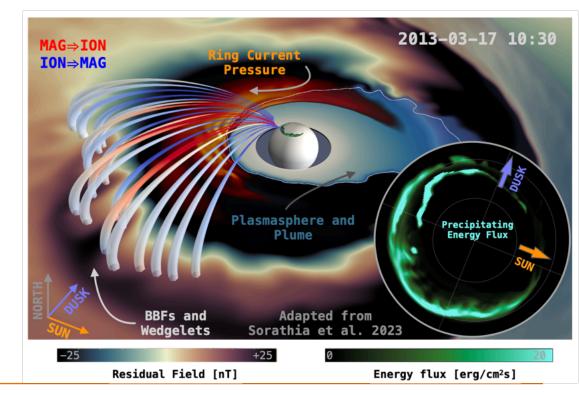
- Dawnside current wedge
 - Ohtani '21 and '23, Sorathia+ '23
- Modeling shows dawnside BBFs during stormtime create multiscale enhancement of the dawnside AEJ
 - BBFs connect to omega bands & large dB/dt

Dawnside GMDs

dB/dt skewed towards dawn (Schillings+ '22)

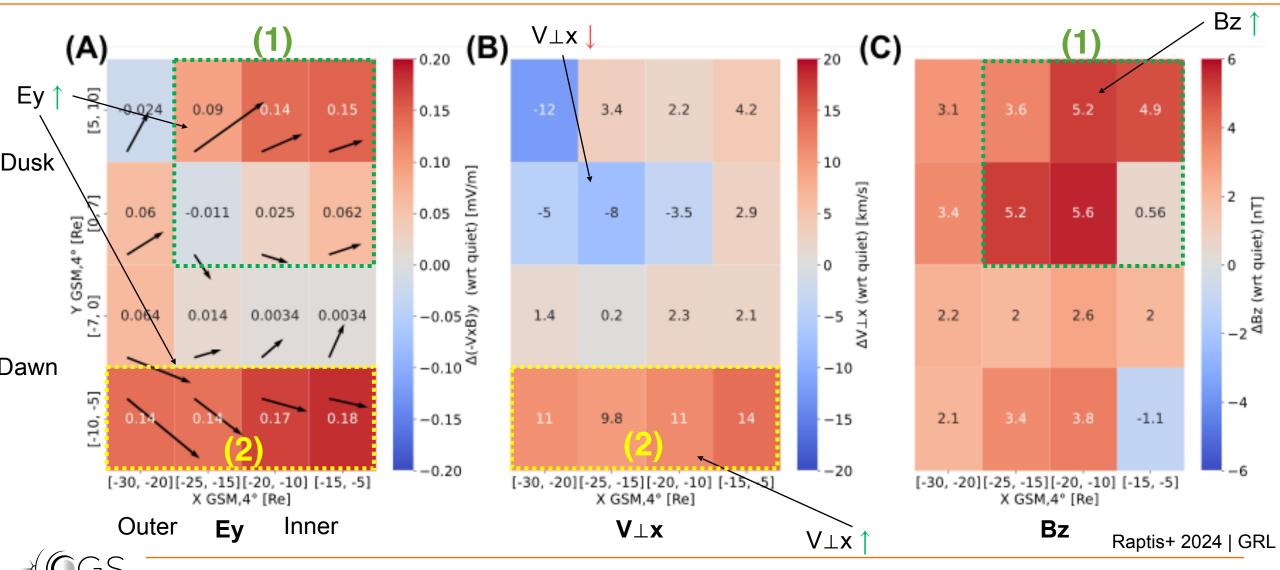








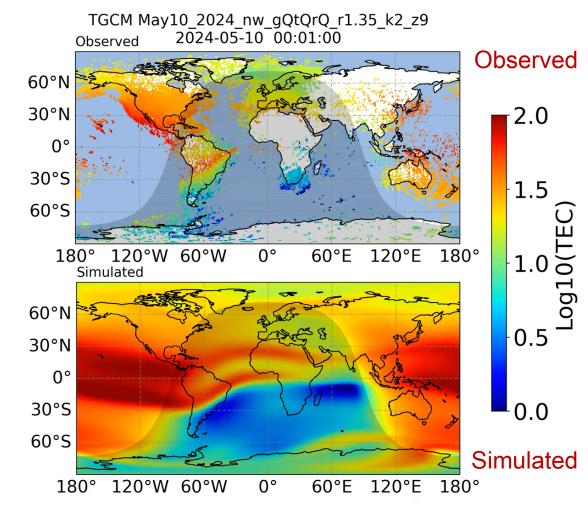
Stormtime Global Convection - Geotail (1994 – 2022)



Summary

- CGS vision is to transform the understanding and predictability of space weather
- CGS mission is to:
 - Innovate space weather modeling
 - **Empower** the scientific, academic, operational communities, and the broader public
 - Discover together how stormtime geospace responds to solar disturbances
- CGS is building the Multiscale Atmosphere-Geospace Environment (MAGE) model
 - MAGE 0.75 available at CCMC
 - MAGE 1.0 is a fully coupled magnetosphere-ionospherethermosphere model
 - slated for OSS release next year

Stay tuned for more discoveries from the CGS team and let us know if you'd like to collaborate!



May'24 superstorm MAGE 1.0 simulation by K. Pham (NCAR/HAO)

