



# High-speed Downstream Plasma Jet Generated due to Shock Reformation

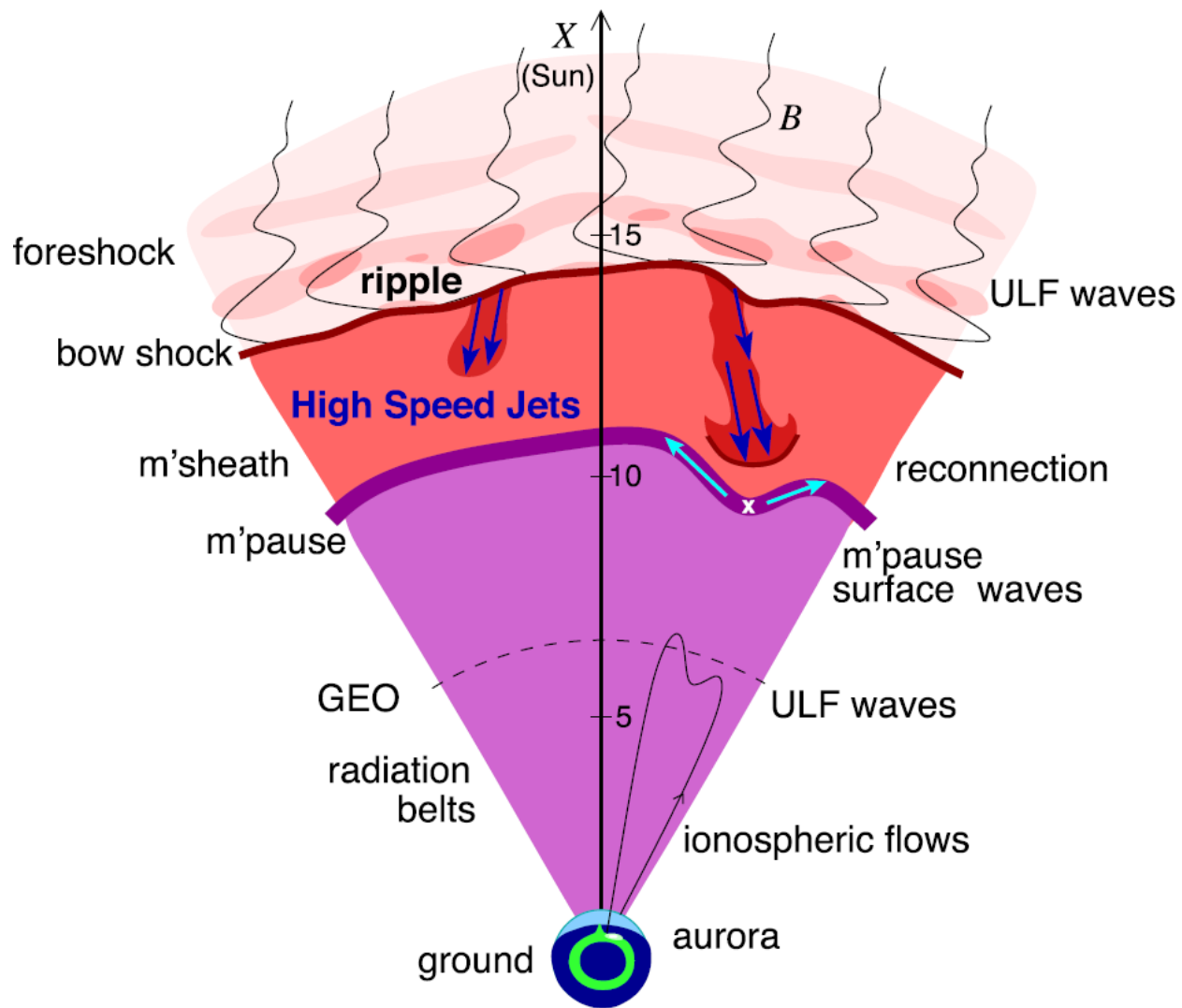
Savvas Raptis

Co-authors : T. Karlsson (KTH), A. Vaivads (KTH), C. Pollock (Denali Scientific), F. Plaschke (Technische Universität Braunschweig), A. Johlander (IRF, Uppsala), H. Trollvik (KTH), P-A. Lindqvist (KTH)

8<sup>th</sup> MMS Community Workshop  
10/05/2022

# Introduction

# Magnetosheath Jets – Definition



## Definition

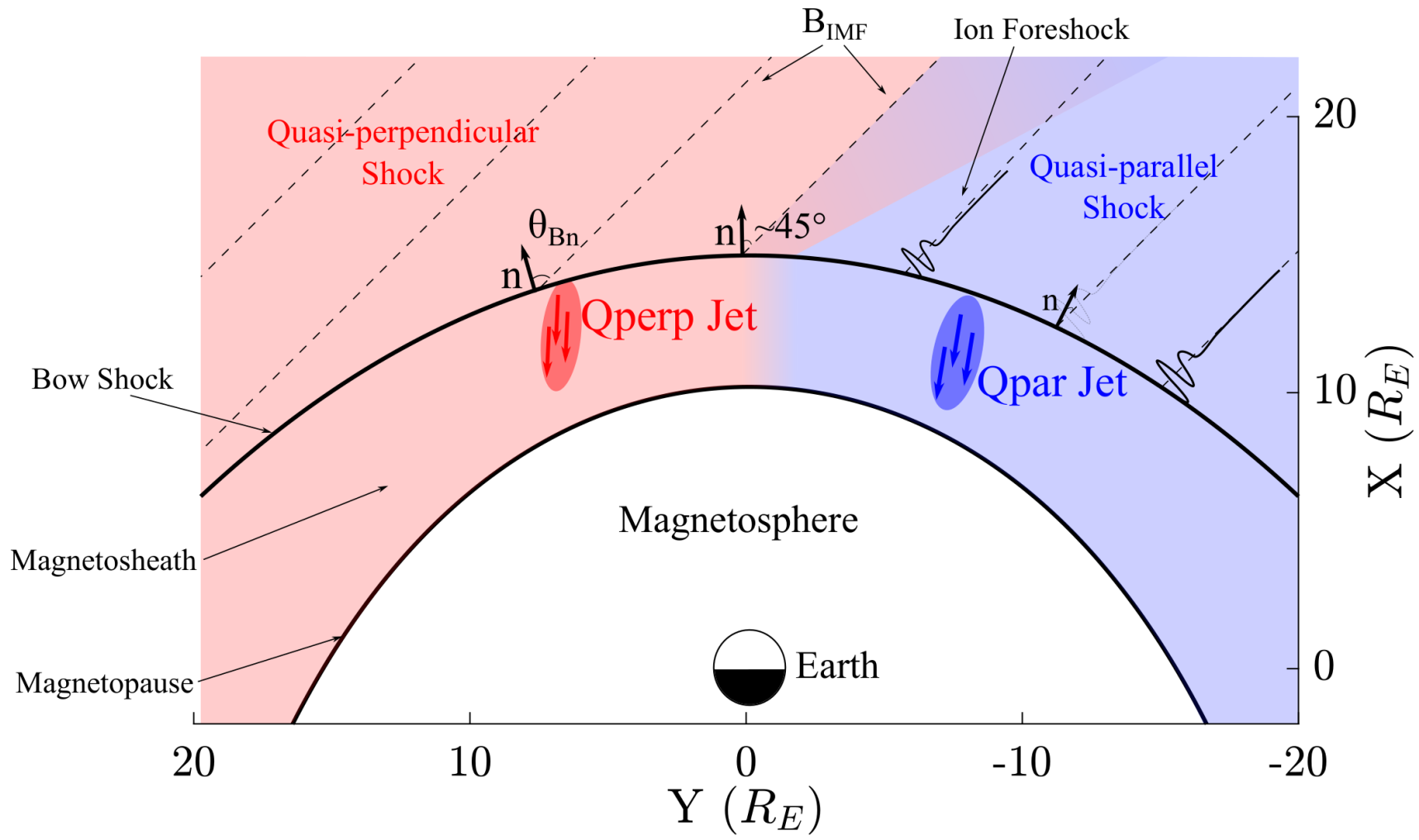
Magnetosheath jets are **transient localized enhancements of dynamic pressure** (density and/or velocity increase)

*e.g., 200% dynamic pressure enhancement compared to background magnetosheath*

## Related phenomena

*Radiation belts  
Throat aurora  
Magnetopause reconnection  
Magnetopause penetration  
Shock acceleration  
Magnetopause surface eigenmodes  
ULF waves*

# Shock, Magnetosheath & Jet classification



" $\theta_{Bn}$  is the angle between the IMF and the shock's normal vector"

$Qpar = \theta_{Bn} \lesssim 45^\circ$   
 $Qperp = \theta_{Bn} \gtrsim 45^\circ$

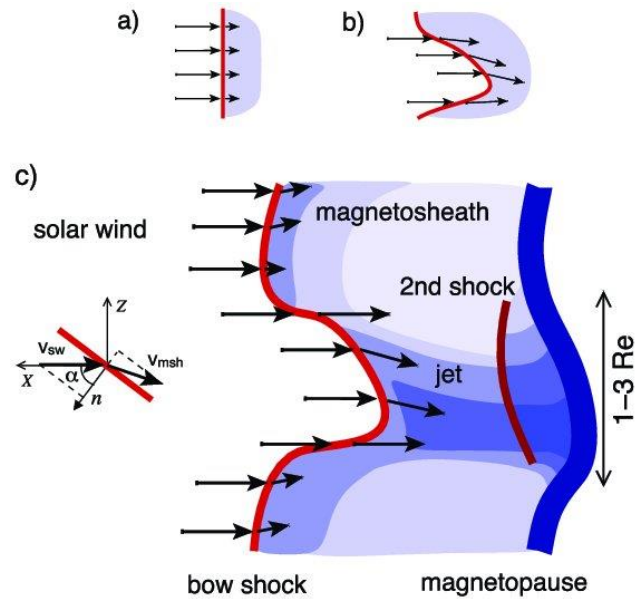
"Jets found ~9 times more often in the Qpar MSH"

*Vuorinen et al. (2019)*

Raptis, Karlsson, et al. (2020) | JGR  
 Raptis, Aminalragia-Giamini et al. (2020) | Front. Astron. Space Sci  
 Karlsson, Raptis et al. (2021) | JGR  
 Kajdič, Raptis et al. (2021) | GRL

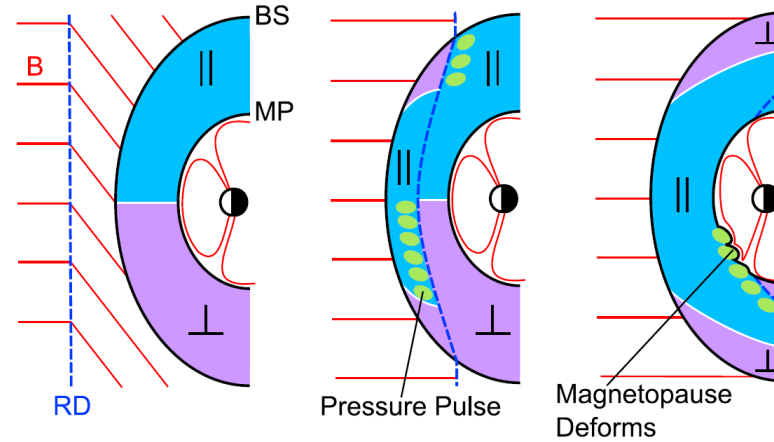
# How are these jets created ?

## Shock ripples



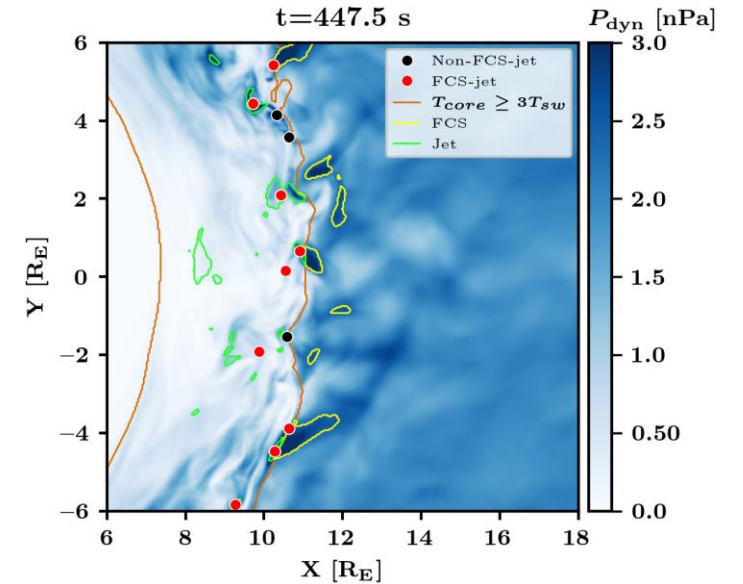
Hietala et al. (2009,2012)

## SW discontinuities



Archer et al. (2012)

## Foreshock Structures



Karlsson et al. (2015), Suni et al. (2021), Raptis et al. (2022)

# Shock Reformation

## Shock Reformation

*Burgess (1989):* “the shock exhibits a cyclic behavior ..... cyclic shock reformation;”

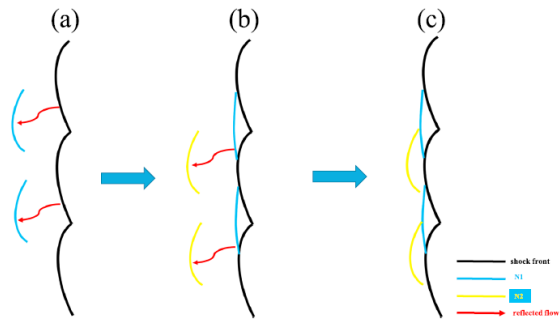
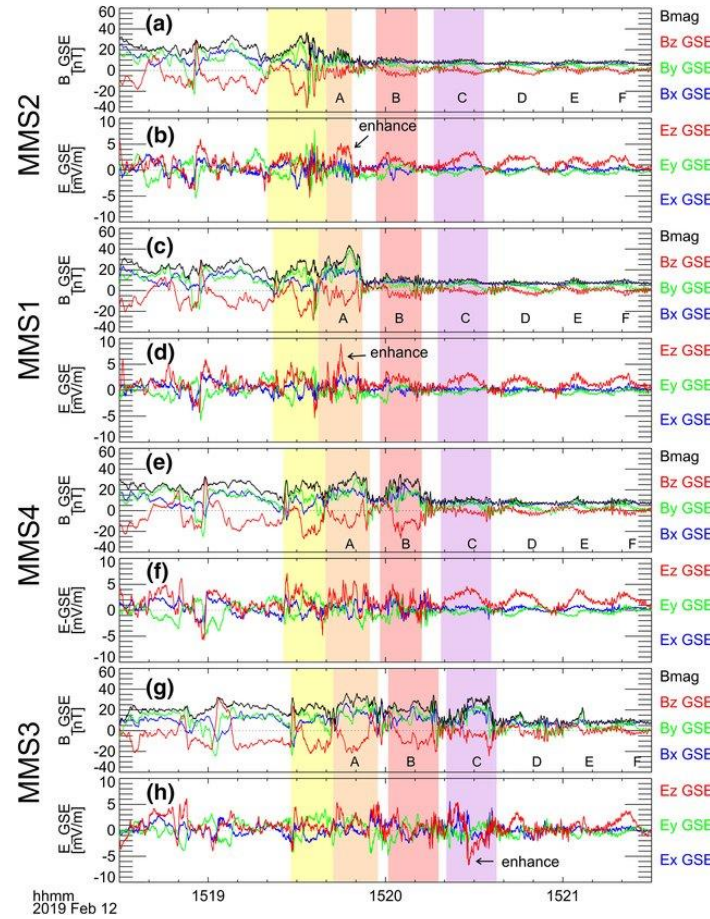
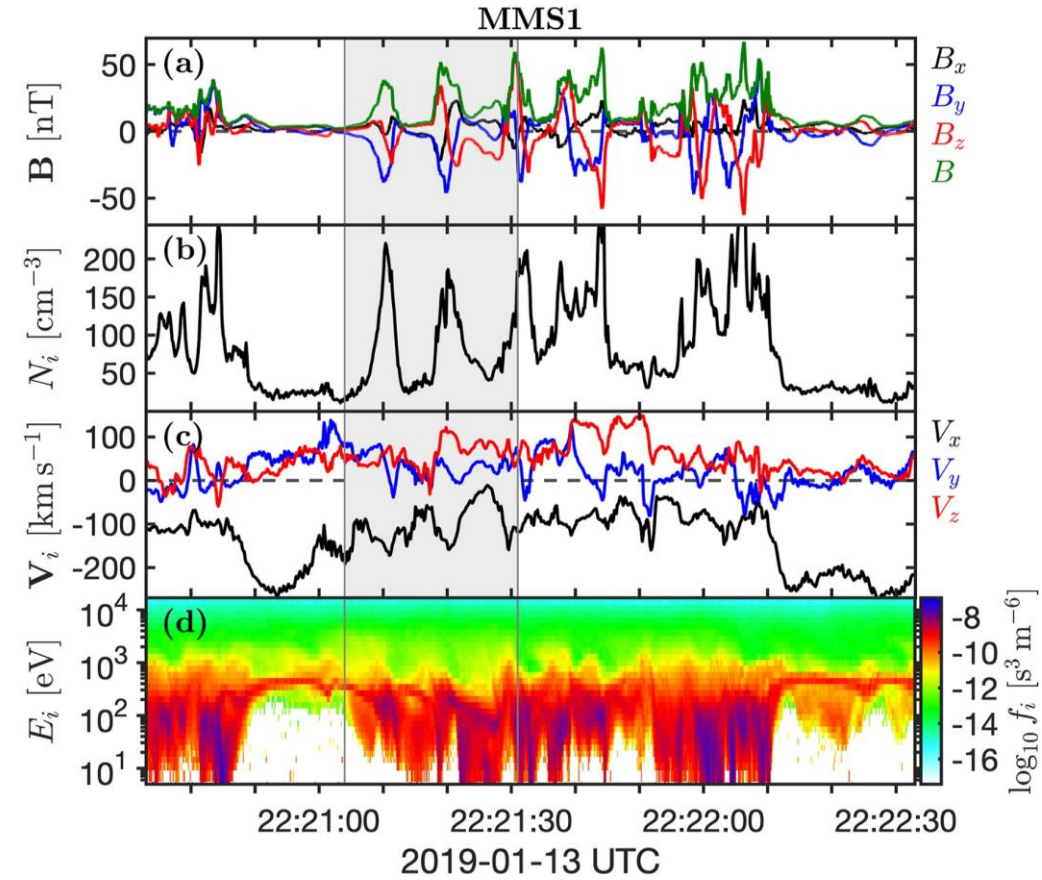


Figure 11. The sketch for evolution of shock front. (a) A rippled shock front, (b) a plane shock front, and (c) a rippled shock front. Solid lines and red arrows denote shock front and reflected beams, and N1 and N2 indicate new shock fronts.

Hao et al. (2017)



Liu et al. (2021)



Johlander et al. (2022)







ARTICLE



<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-022-28110-4>

OPEN

# Downstream high-speed plasma jet generation as a direct consequence of shock reformation

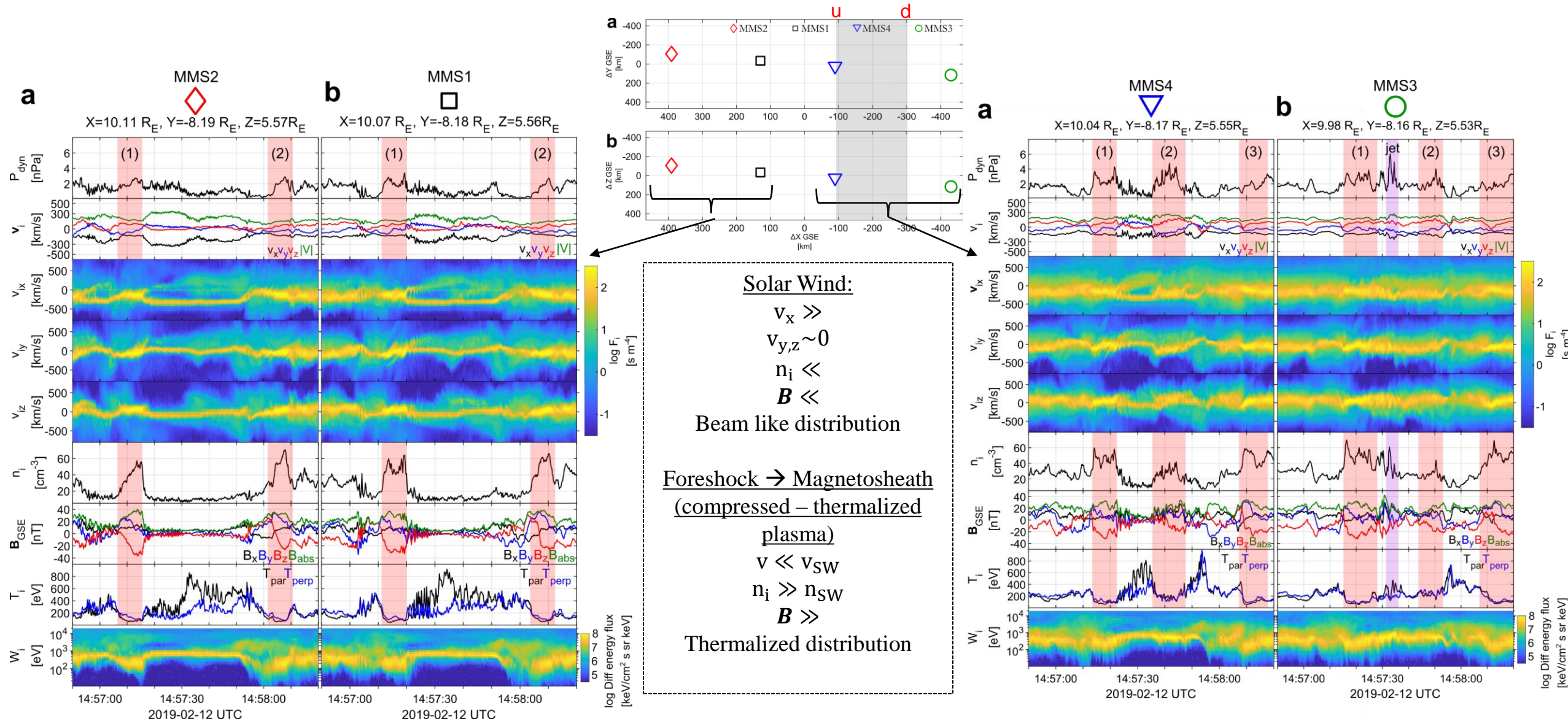
Savvas Raptis <sup>1✉</sup>, Tomas Karlsson<sup>1</sup>, Andris Vaivads <sup>1</sup>, Craig Pollock<sup>2</sup>, Ferdinand Plaschke <sup>3,4</sup>,  
Andreas Johlander<sup>5,6</sup>, Henriette Trollvik<sup>1</sup> & Per-Arne Lindqvist <sup>1</sup>

# Results

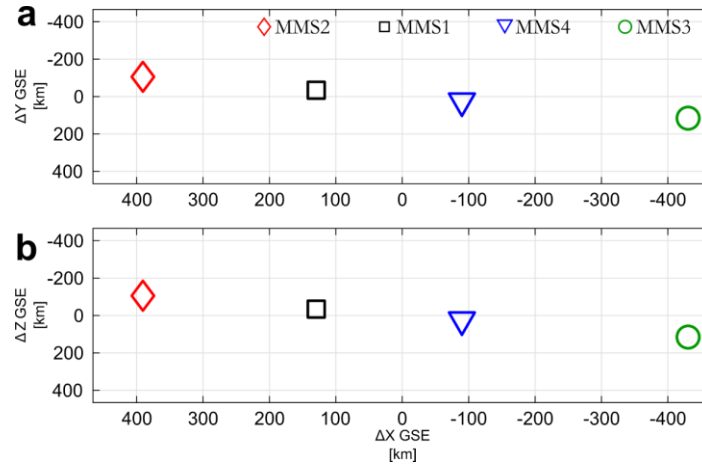
MMS Data | Schematic



# General Observations of MMS

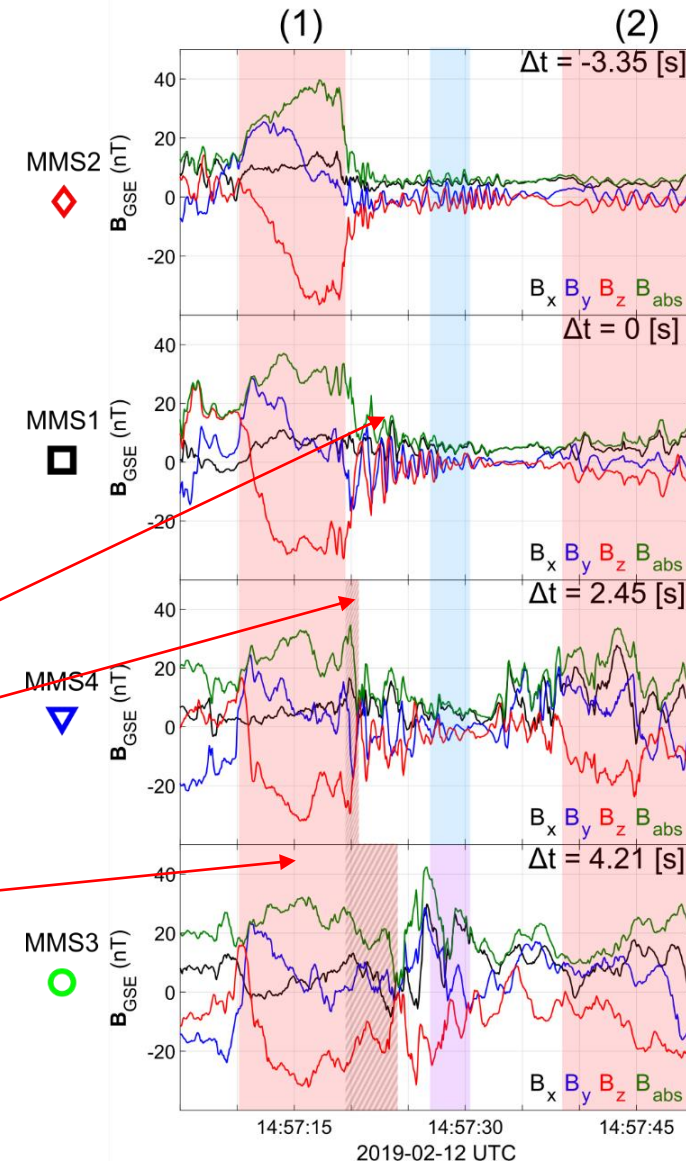


# SLAMS & wave activity co-moving picture



## Evolution of SLAMS

- Interaction with upstream whistler
- New peak /evolution\*
- Formation of embedded plasmoid (downstream density enhancement)\*\*

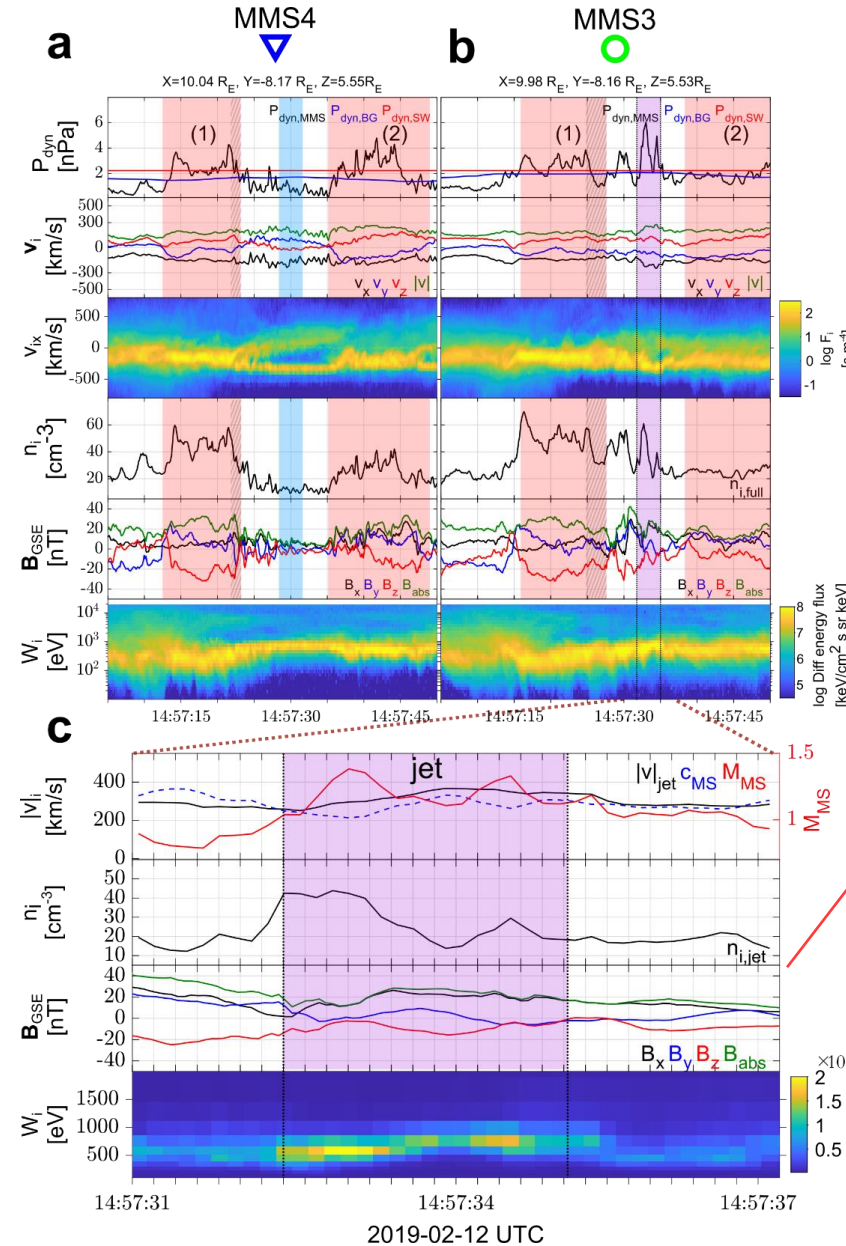
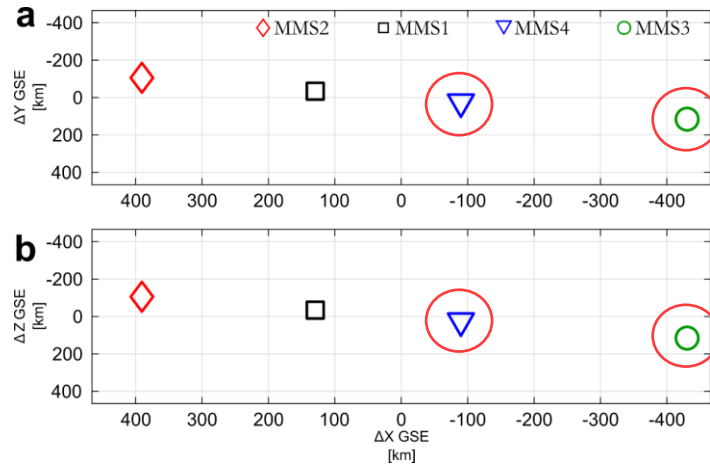


\* See similar examples by Turner et al. (2021), Chen et al. (2021)

\*\* See similar example by Liu et al. (2021)



# MMS inner-spacecraft observations



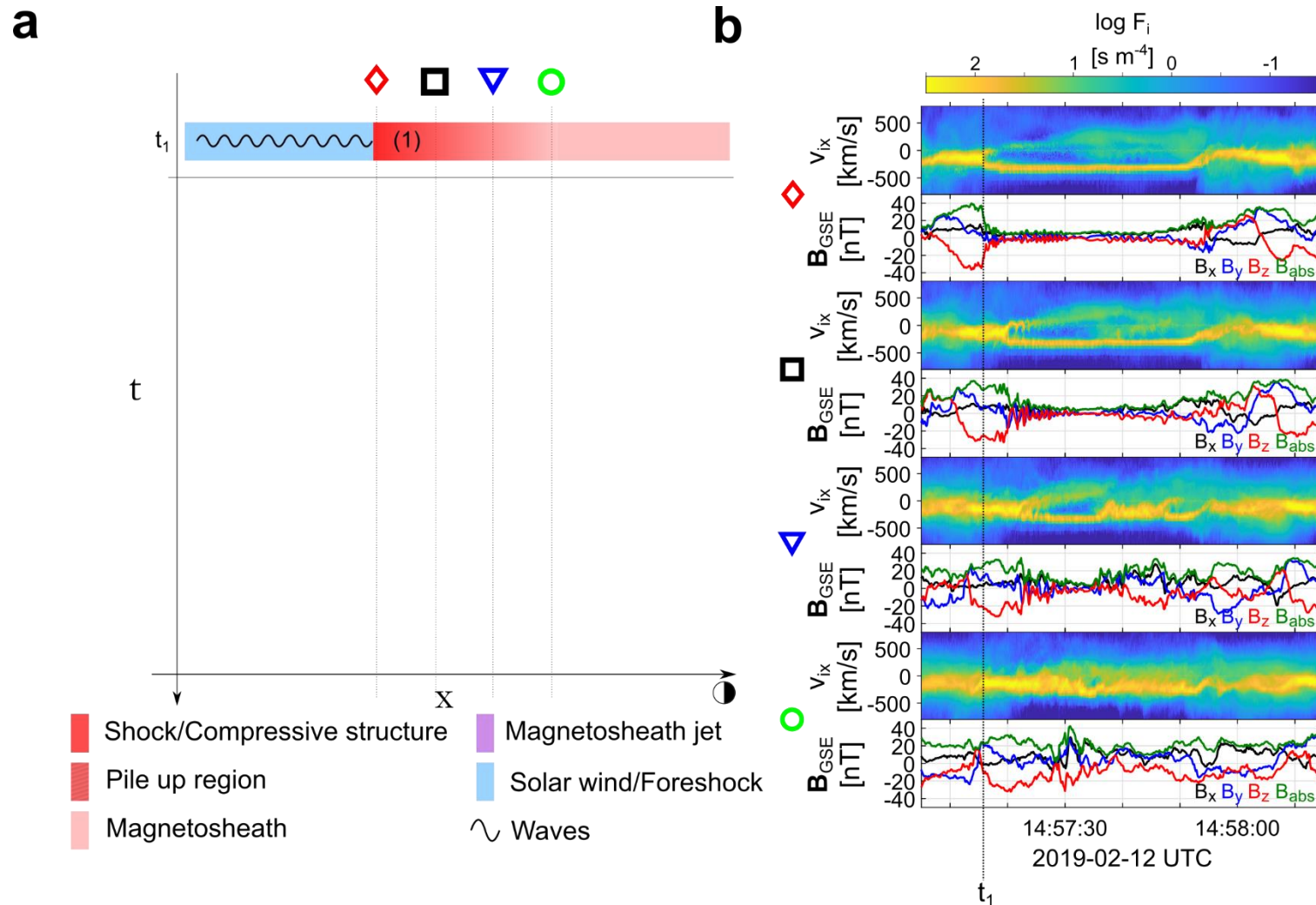
**$P_{dyn}$  increase**

- *Velocity* : Reformation process, shock front generated upstream of the old, limited interaction with old shock front.
- *Density* : possible explanations
  - Turner et al. (2021)
  - Chen et al. (2021)
  - Stasiewicz et al. (2003)

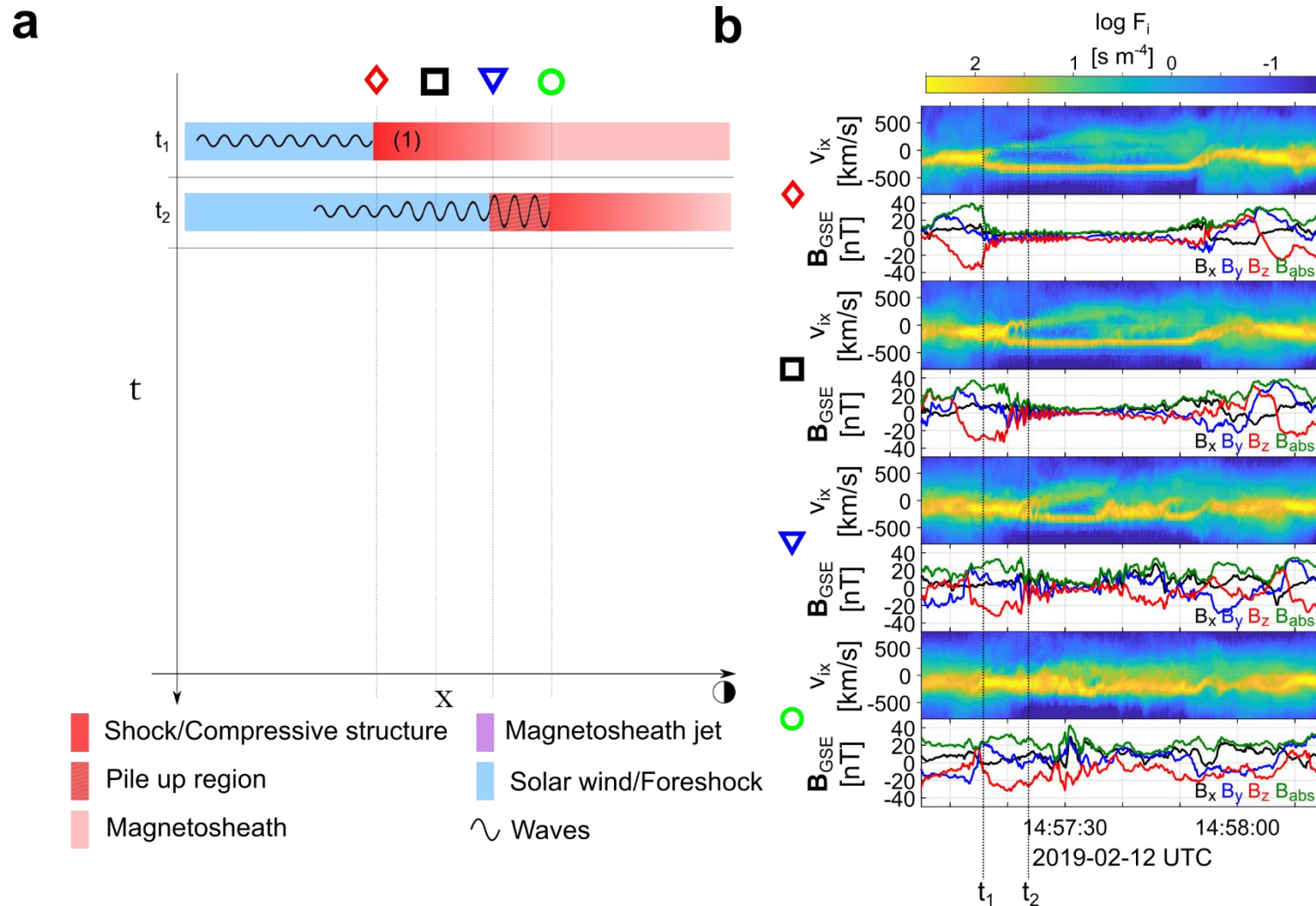
# Results

MMS Data | Schematic

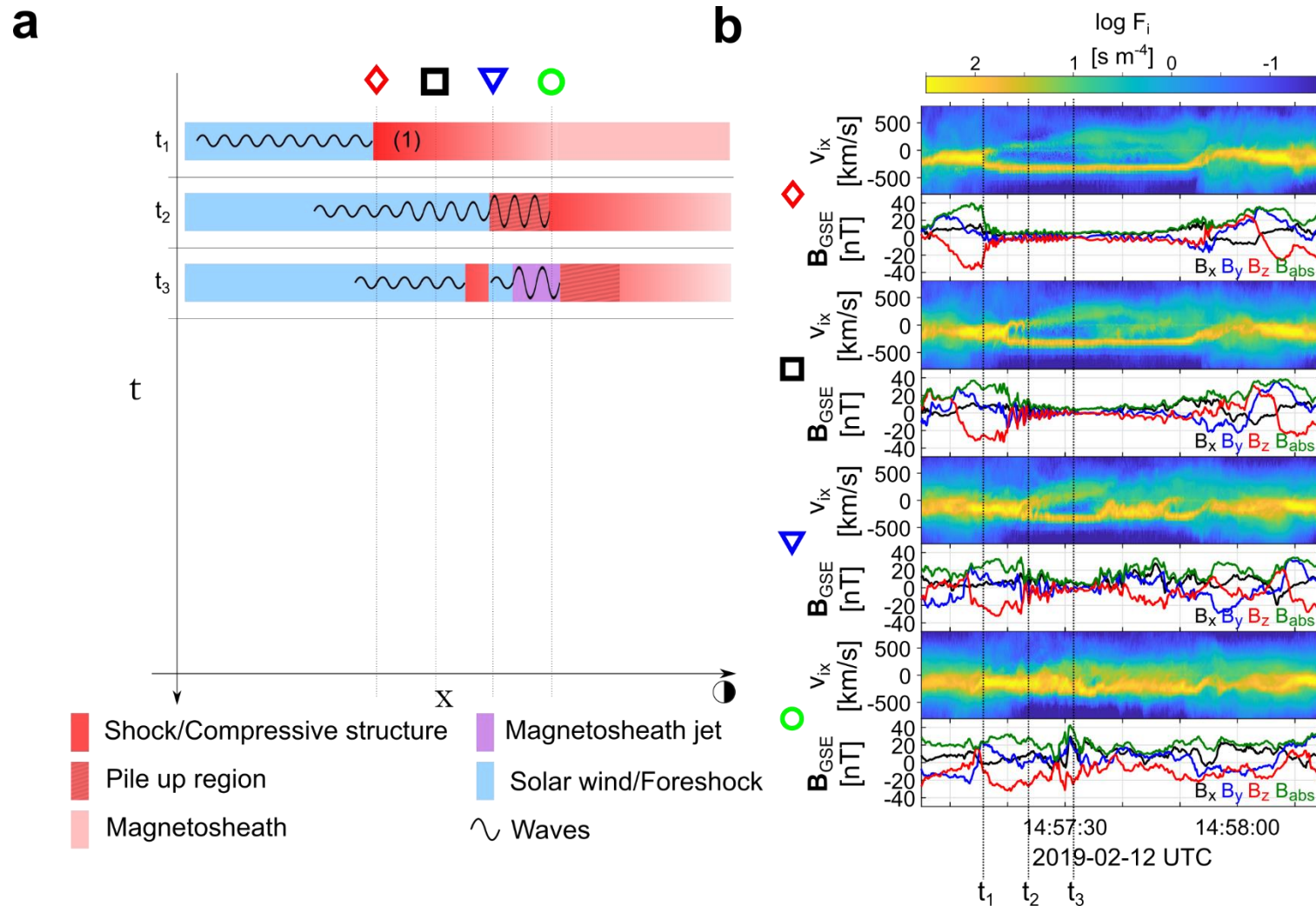
# Formation mechanism



# Formation mechanism

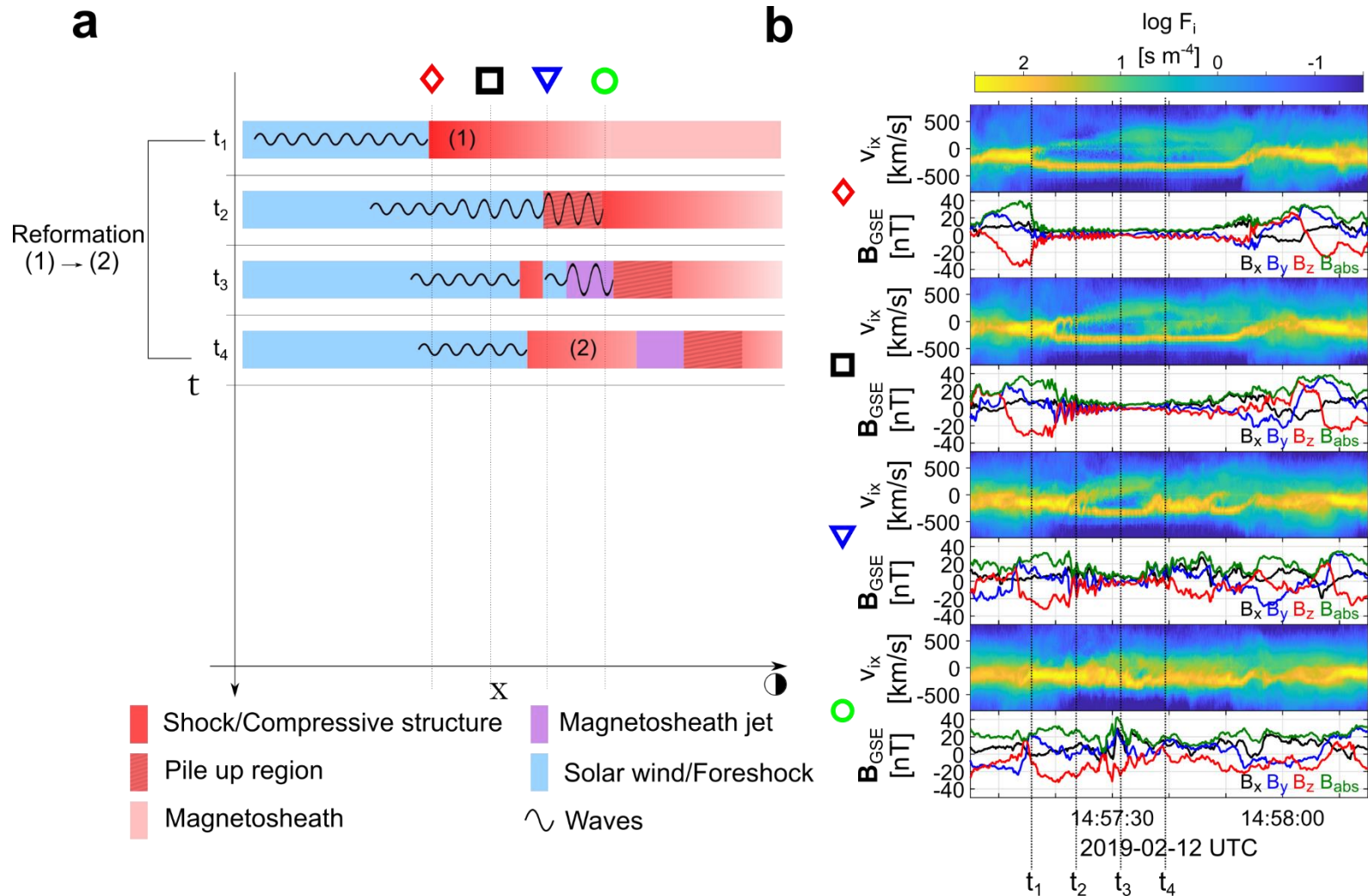


# Formation mechanism

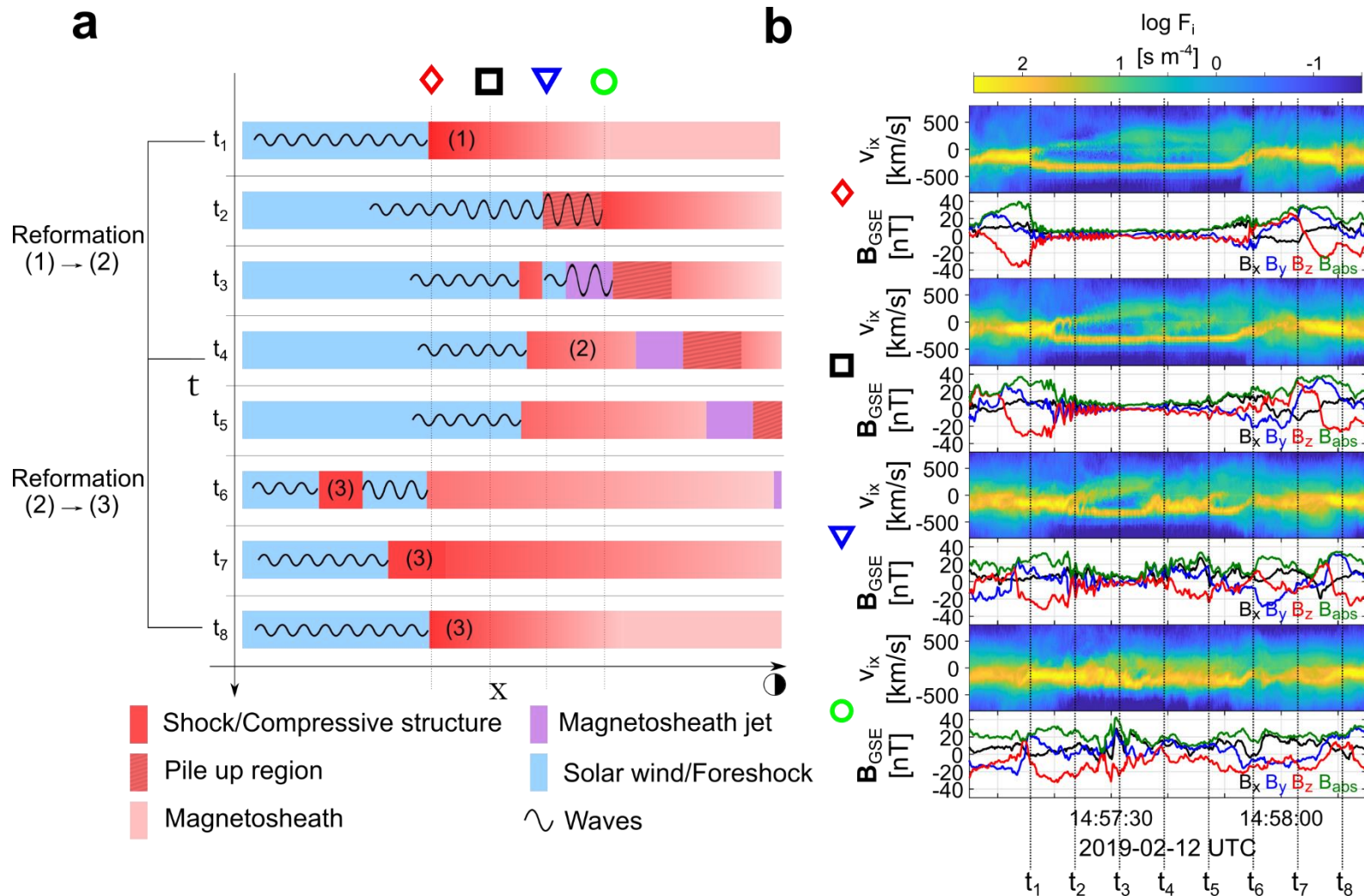




# Formation mechanism

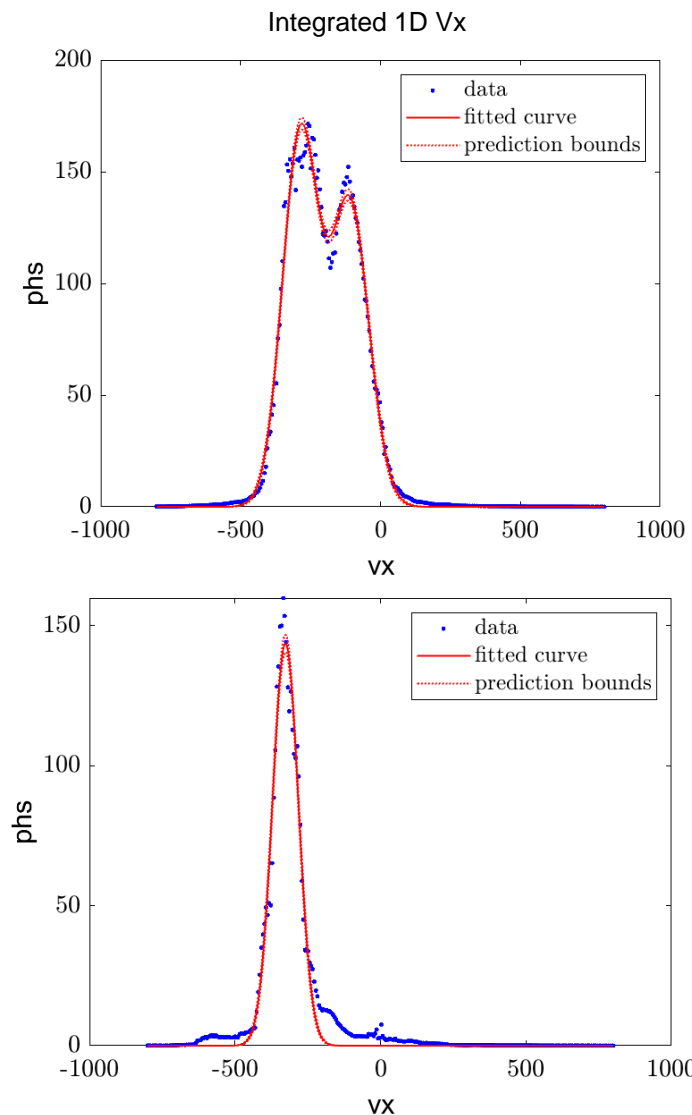
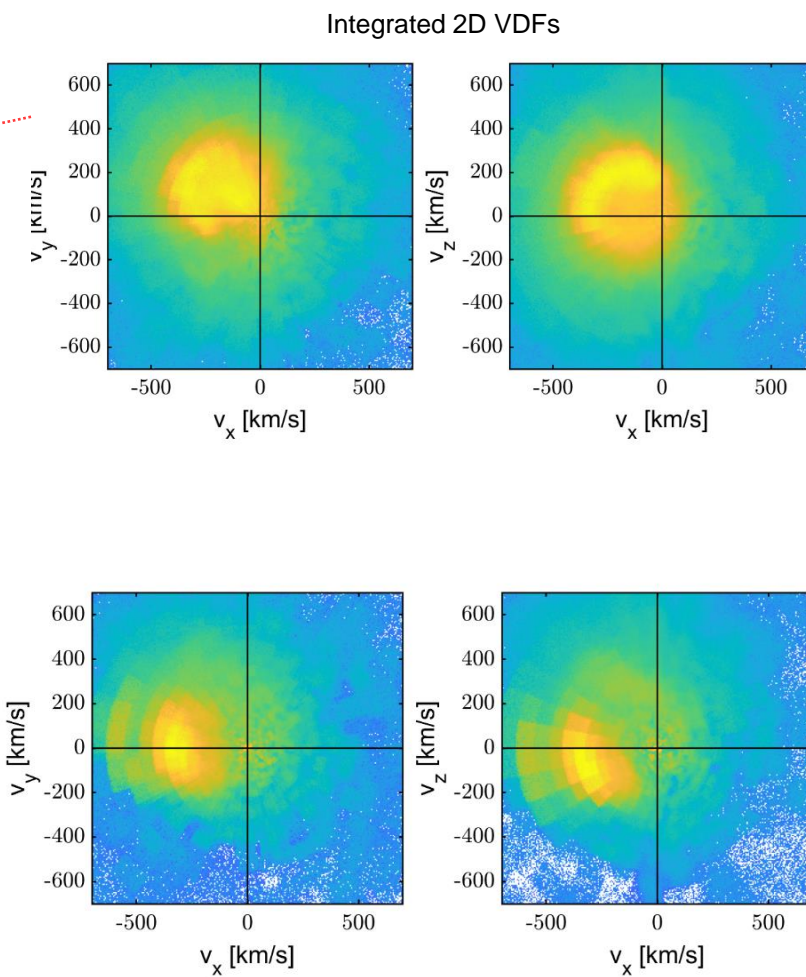
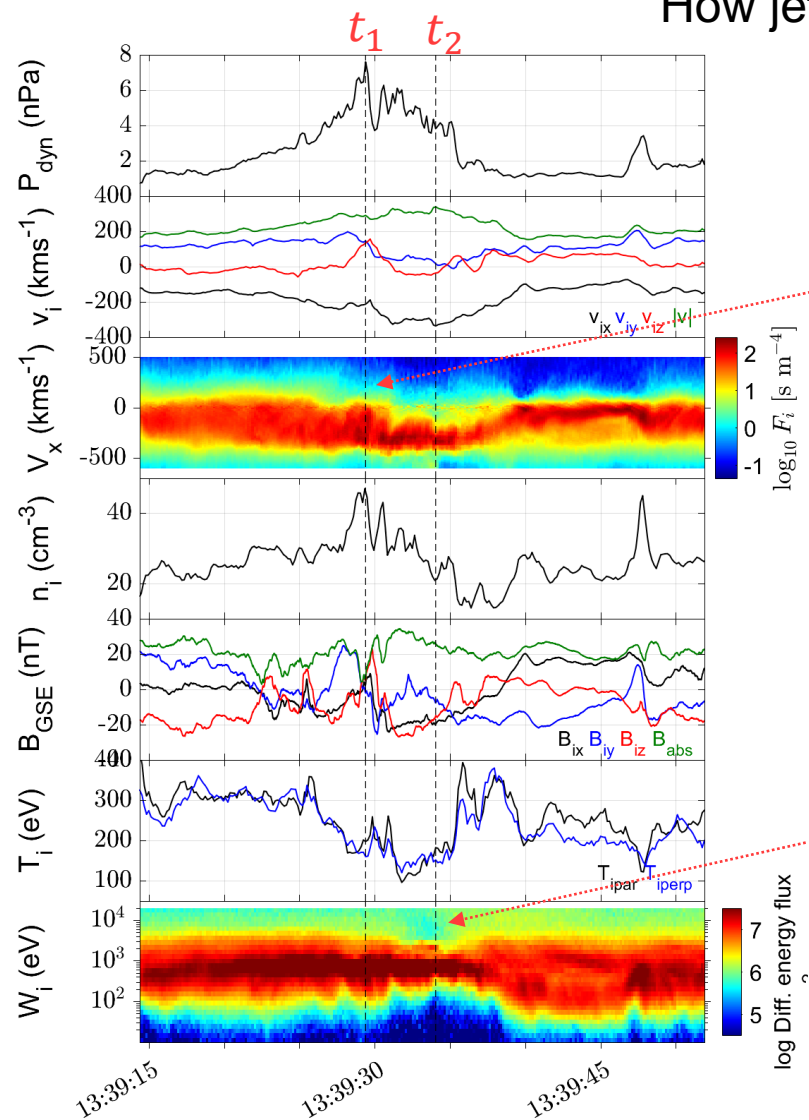


# Formation mechanism



# Ongoing results

How jets develop after the shock ? How do they interact with the Background ?



# Summary & Conclusion

## Main points

- ***In-situ* observations of SLAMS** becoming “***embedded plasmoids***” (density enhanced downstream regions).
- ***In-situ* observations of jets** forming through the dynamical evolution of collisionless shock (reformation)

## Open Questions

- *Details on SLAMS/waves* – Exact properties & evolution study of FCs numbered 1-3 (TBD)
- *Simulation* comparison – Can we find cases like these in simulations (*ongoing*) ?
- *Statistics* – We need more events, currently found ~3 with similar signatures (TBD).
- *Modeling* – Can we explain jets close to MP ? How long do these jets “survive” in the MSh ? (*ongoing*)
- *Morphology & Evolution* – What’s their interaction with the background ? How their properties vary ? (*ongoing*)

# Extras

# Extras



# MMS – Jet Database

## Fast/Survey

## Burst

9/2015 - 9/2020

Subset	Number	Percentage (%)
Quasi-parallel	2458	26.7
Final cases	<b>901</b>	10.1
Quasi-perpendicular	542	5.9
Final cases	<b>214</b>	2.3
Boundary	781	8.5
Final cases	<b>191</b>	2.1
Encapsulated	80	0.9
Final cases	<b>60</b>	0.7
Other	5335	58.0
Unclassified/Uncertain	3789	41.2
Border	1500	16.3
Data Gap	46	0.5

*Jets with full burst data* →

Qpar	423
Qperp	34
Boundary	35
Encapsulated	31
<b>Close to BS / MP</b>	<b>495</b>
Others	428

Raptis S., Karlsson T., et al. (2020) | JGR  
 Raptis S., Aminalragia-Giamini S., et al. (2020) | Frontiers  
 Palmroth M., Raptis S., et al. (2021) | Annales  
 Kajdic P., Raptis S., et al. (2021) | GRL

Raptis S., Karlsson T., et al. (2022) | Nat. Commun  
 Raptis S., Karlsson T., et al. (2022) | Ongoing



# Jets – references update (>2019)

## Associated phenomena & effects

- **Excitation** of surface **eigenmodes** at magnetopause: [Archer et al. \(2019, 2021\)](#)
- **Mirror mode waves** and jets : [Bianco-Cano et al. \(2020\)](#)
- **Bursty magnetic reconnection** at the Earth's magnetopause : [Ng et al. \(2021\)](#)
- **Ground-based magnetometer** response : [Norenius et al. \(2021\)](#)
- Generation of **Pi2 pulsations** : [Katsavrias et al. \(2021\)](#)
- B in jets, **Bz variations near magnetopause** : [Vuorinen et al. \(2021\)](#)

## Jets Downstream of Collisionless Shocks

Plaschke et al. (2018)

<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11214-018-0516-3>

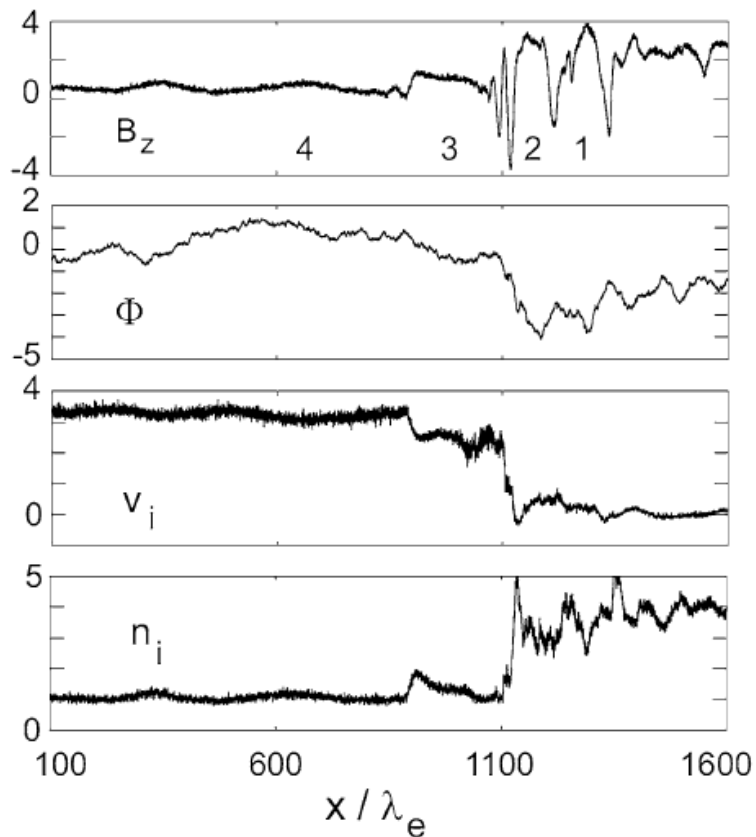
## Modeling & formation

- **Velocity & magnetic field alignment** in jets : [Plaschke et al. \(2020\)](#)
- **Classification** of jets using MMS & Neural Networks : [Raptis et al. \(2020a,2020b\)](#)
- Comparison **MMS vs simulations** : [Palmroth et al. \(2021\)](#)
- **Solar wind effect** on jet formation : [LaMoury et al. \(2021\)](#)
- Magnetosheath Jets and **Plasmoids** - Hybrid Simulations : [Preisser et al. \(2020\)](#)
- **Formation** of jets in **Quasi-perpendicular magnetosheath** : [Primoz et al. \(2021\)](#)

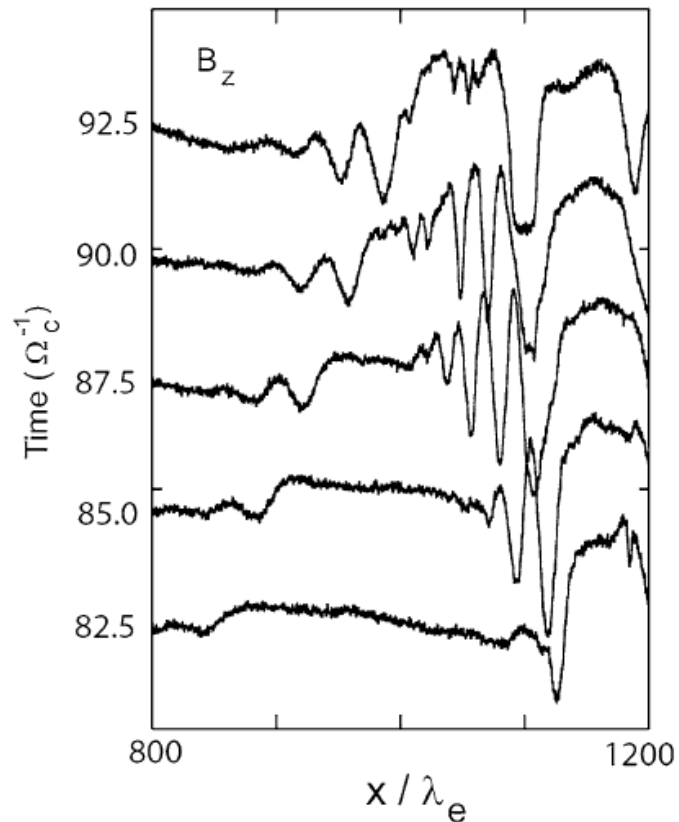
And more : [Liu et al. \(2020a,2020b\)](#), [Omelchenko et al \(2021\)](#), [Sibeck et al. \(2021\)](#), [Sun et al. \(2021\)](#), [Tinoco-Arenas et al. \(2022\)](#) ... etc. etc.

# Shock Reformation – Simulations

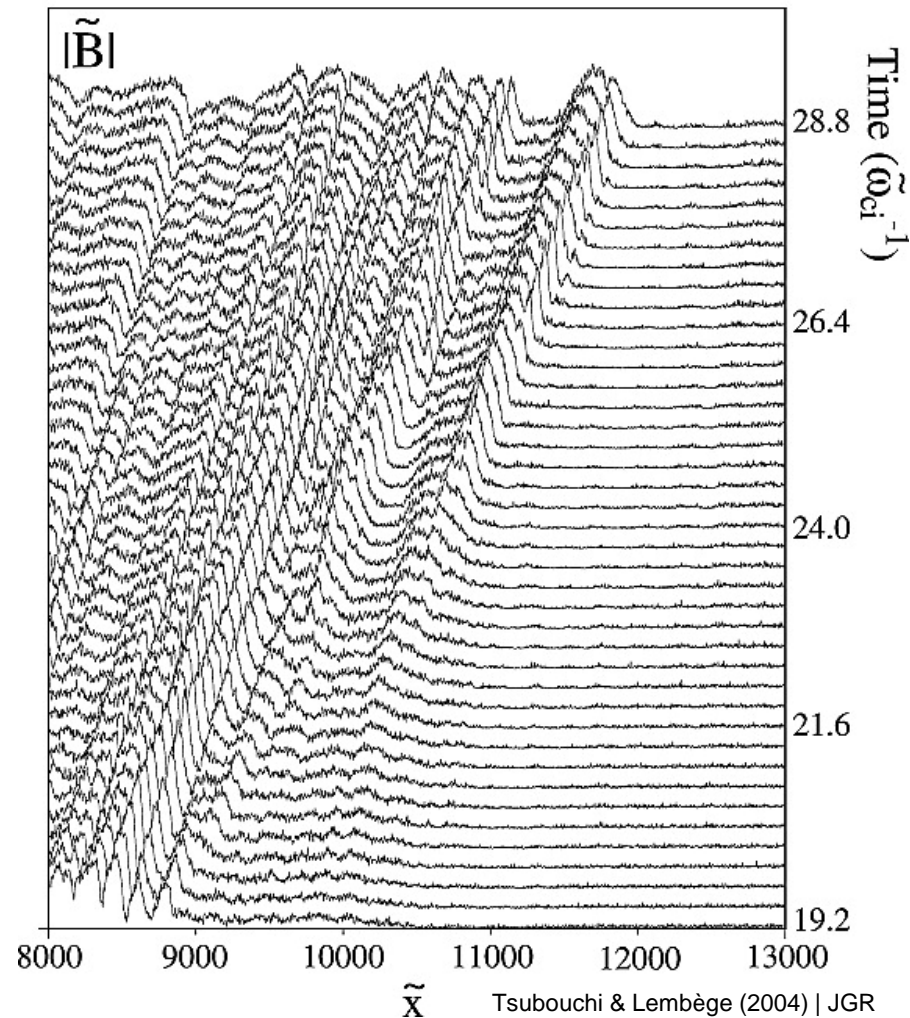
1D-PIC simulation ( $30^\circ$ ),  $M_A = 4.7$   
 $m_i/m_e = 100$  and  $\omega_{pe}/\Omega_{ce} = \sqrt{10}$ .



Scholer et al. (2003) | JGR



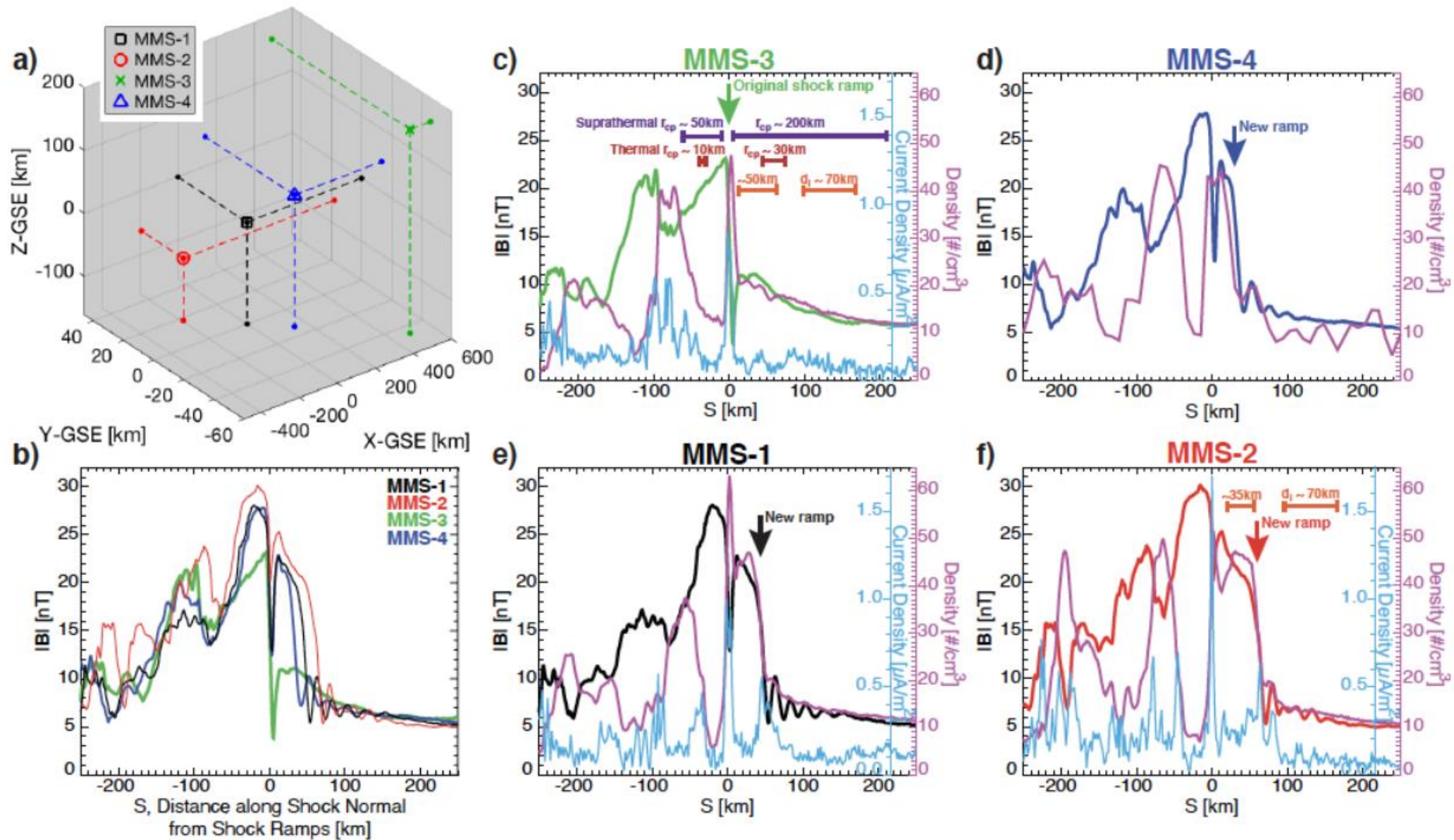
$m_i/m_e = 50$  and  $\omega_{pe}/\Omega_{ce} = 4$ .



Tsubouchi & Lembège (2004) | JGR

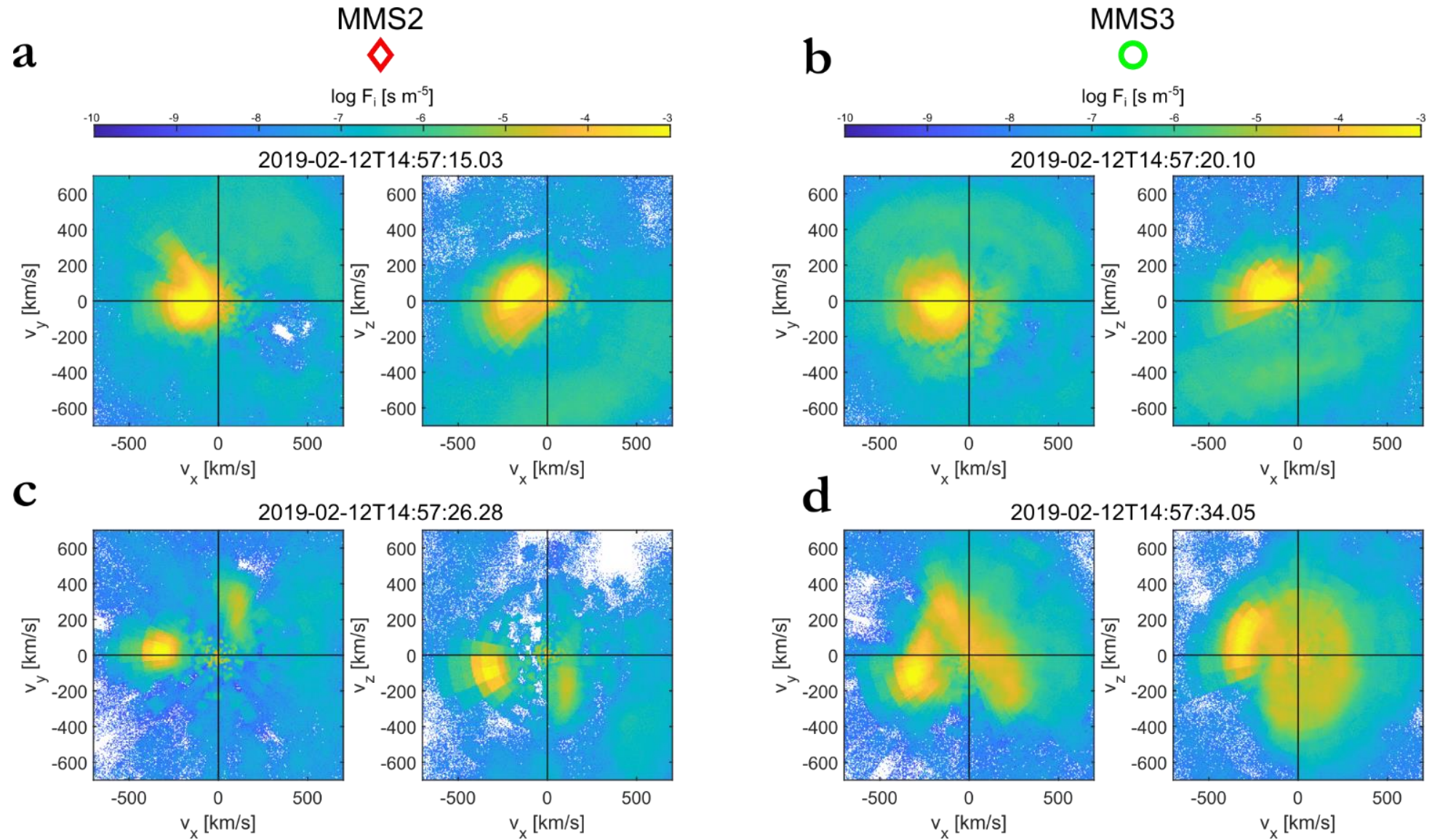
More nice sources for review : Burgess & Scholer (2015), Willson (2016)

# Turner et al. 2021 (local reformation/evolution)

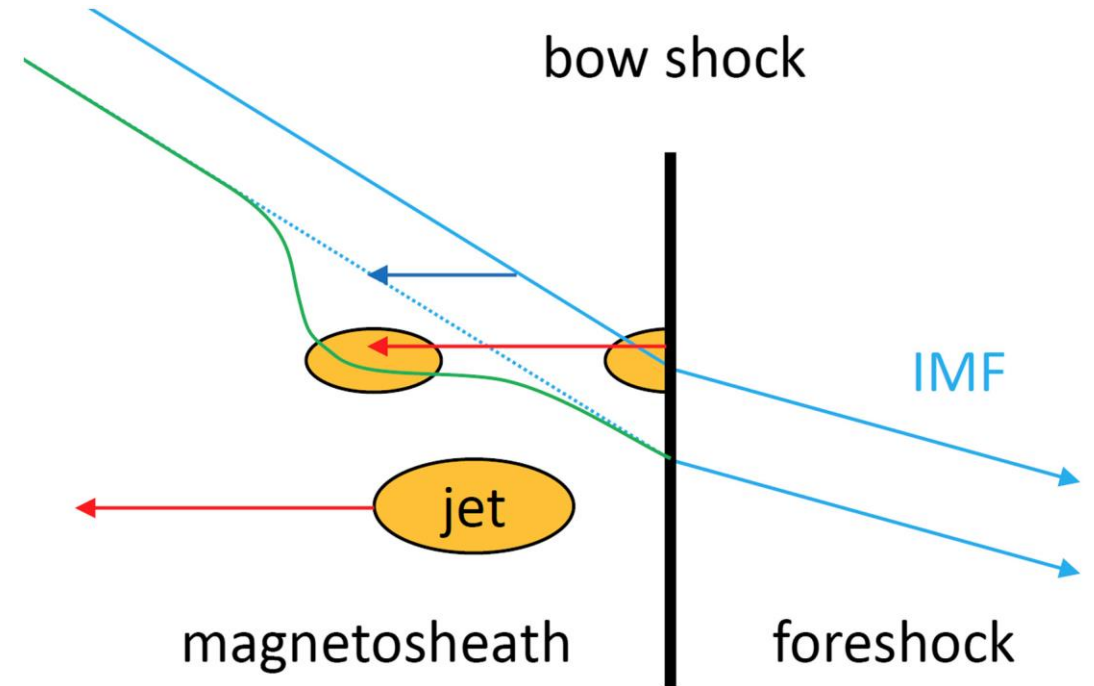
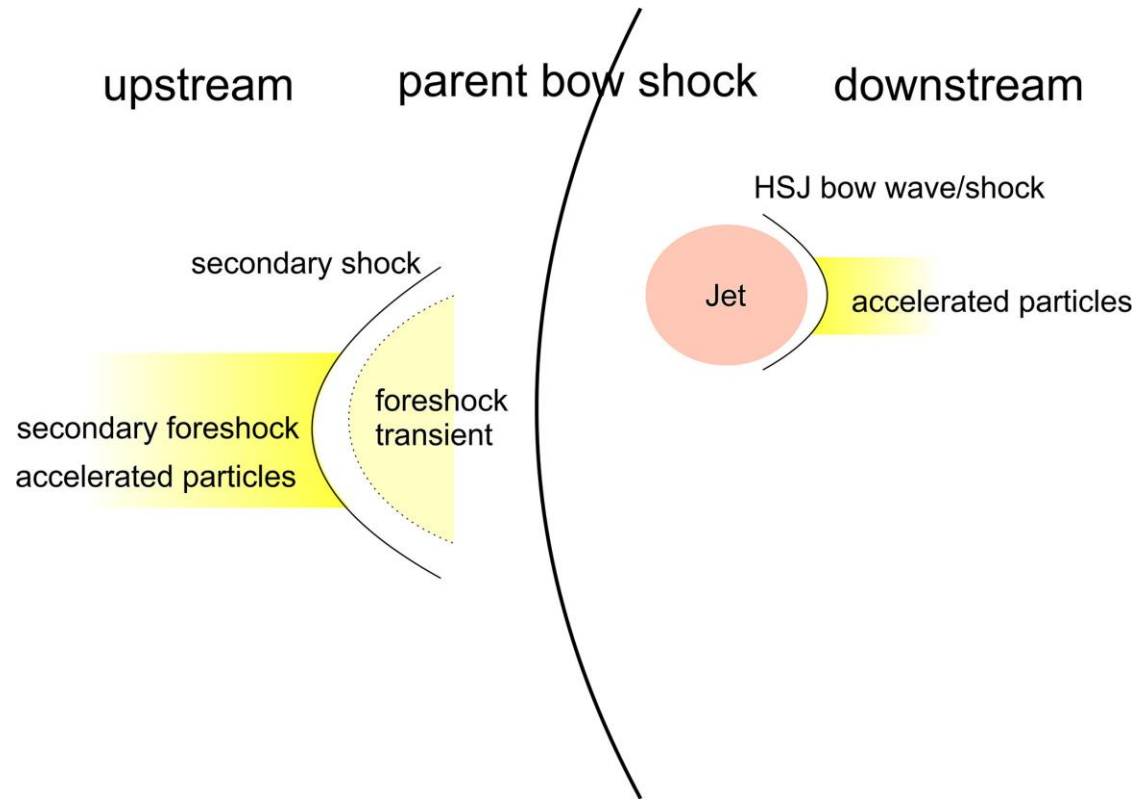




# VDFs



# Jets interaction with ambient plasma



## Fast/Survey MMS data

### Resolution (samples/s)

FGM (magnetic field):	0.0625
FPI (plasma moments   ions):	4.5
EDP (electric field):	0.0313

### Pros

- ✓ Always available
- ✓ Decent resolution
- ✓ Can be good for statistics due to availability

### Cons

- ✗ Not suitable for small scale studies
- ✗ Could be misleading close to boundary surfaces (Magnetopause, Bow shock etc.)

## Burst MMS data

### Resolution (samples/s)

0.0078
0.15
0.00012218

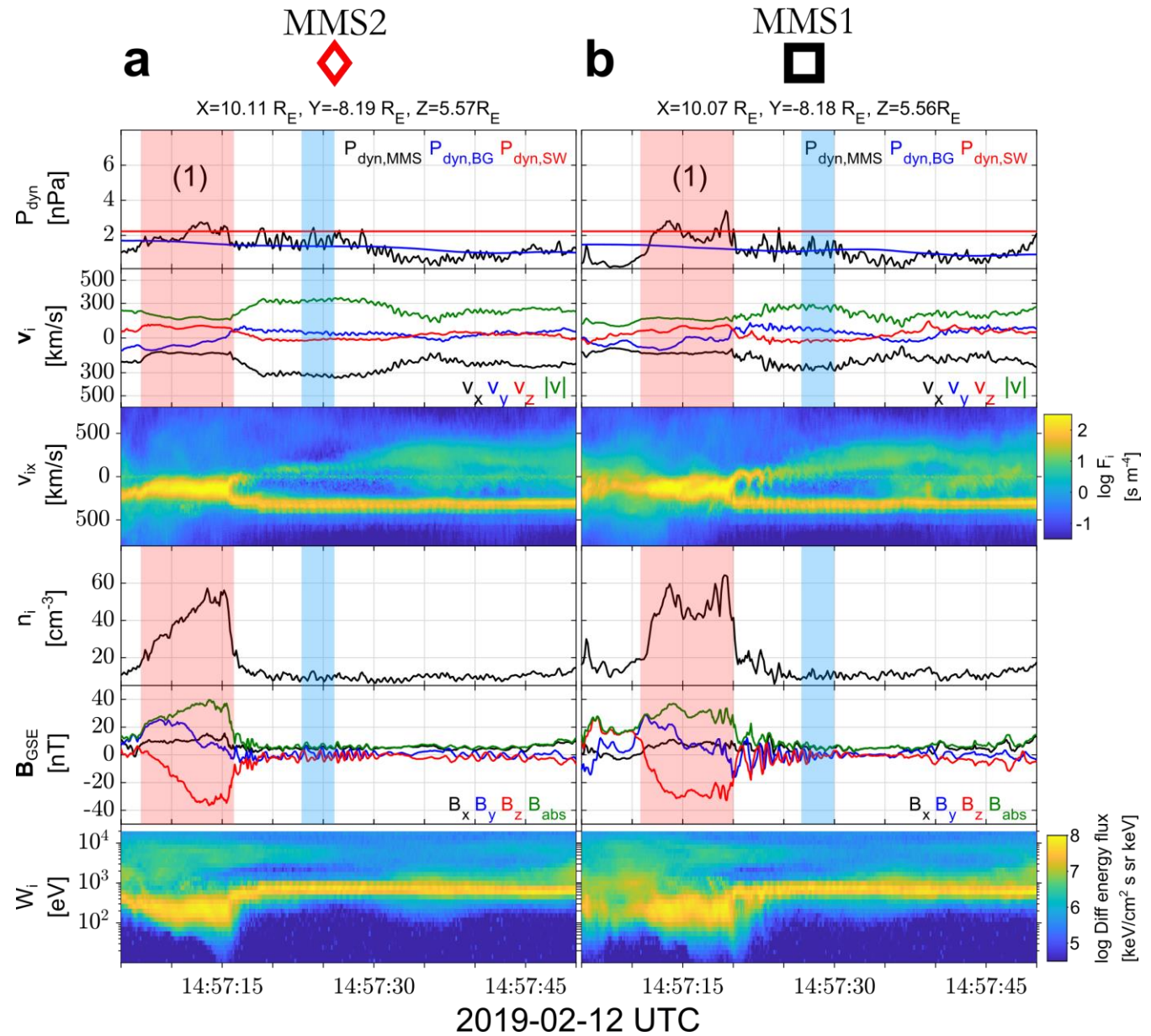
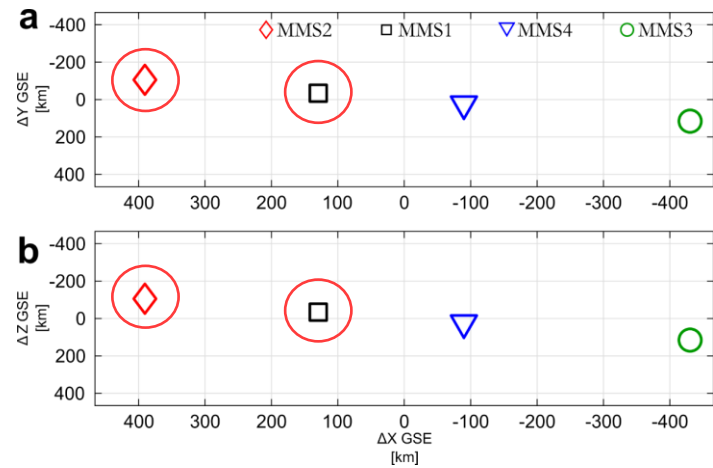
### Pros

- ✓ Very high resolution
- ✓ Able to resolve structures close to boundary surfaces (e.g. mix of plasma close to magnetopause, bow shock, foreshock etc.)

### Cons

- ✗ Not available all the time, mostly available close to vital mission objectives (magnetopause, diffusion regions, shock transitions etc.)
- ✗ Hard to do proper large scale statistics due to biases generated from specific availability and manual choice of intervals

# MMS outer-spacecraft observations





# Boundary Jet – Typical Examples with MMS

MMS1: X=11.9 R<sub>E</sub>, Y=1 R<sub>E</sub>, Z=-0.9R<sub>E</sub> (GSE)

Dynamic Pressure  
(nPa)

Dynamic Pressure  
Ratio

Velocity  
(km/s)

Density  
(cm<sup>-3</sup>)

Magnetic Field  
(nT)

Differential Ion Energy  
Spectrum (eV)

Ion Temperature  
(eV)

