

Shock Kinetic Processes and Particle Energization

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Earth's Qpar bow shock and foreshock



Qpar shocks ($\theta_{Bn} < \sim 45^{\circ}$)

Very efficient particle accelerators

- Transient phenomena upstream and downstream*
- ULF waves upstream and downstream
- Kinetic plasma physics
- Wave particle interaction
- Turbulence
- Current sheets & reconnection

Term to use: Shock-generated transients**

** Credits: Heli Hietala? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SJ88e8rwoDg

The anatomy of an HFA



Reinforced Shock Acceleration of Relativistic Electrons



Raptis+ 2024 (Revealing an Unexpectedly Low Electron Injection Threshold via Reinforced Shock Acceleration – Accepted)

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Reinforced Shock Acceleration of Relativistic Electrons



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What happens when we move downstream?

Raptis+ 2024/2025 (to be submitted next week)

Multi-Mission Observations of Relativistic Electrons and High-Speed Jets Linked to Shock Generated Transients

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Cluster upstream showing foreshock transients



Raptis+ (under preparation)

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MMS downstream shows the transmission



Raptis+ (under preparation)

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Electron energization upstream to downstream



Summary: Electron Multiscale Acceleration



(A) : Raptis+ 2024 ("Accepted") - Revealing an Unexpectedly Low Electron Injection Threshold via Reinforced Shock Acceleration

(B) : Raptis+ 2025 (to be submitted) - Multi-Mission Observations of Relativistic Electrons and High-Speed Jets Linked to Shock Generated Transients

Key take away

(A) : Raptis+ 2024 (Accepted) - Revealing an Unexpectedly Low Electron Injection Threshold via Reinforced Shock Acceleration

(B) : Raptis+ 2025 (Ongoing) - Multi-Mission Observations of Relativistic Electrons and High-Speed Jets Linked to Shock Generated Transients

(A) Raptis+ 2024 ("Accepted")

- Revealed that electron injection threshold to obtain relativistic electrons (> 500 keV) at Earth's foreshock can be at the low suprathermal range of ~1-5 KeV
- 2. This seed population is a systematic feature of the fast coronal hole solar wind plasma.

(B) Raptis+ 2025 (Ongoing)

- 1. Energized electrons (~200 keV) get further accelerated as transients get transmitted (~300 keV)
- 2. Transmitted Shock-Generated transients produce localized high-speed jets

Strongest electron acceleration may not happen at the shock transition Transient phenomena are making shocks much more efficient accelerators

Final words



As written on our latest ongoing draft:

"The multi-mission observations presented here emphasize the importance of adopting a multi-scale approach to address shock-related phenomena and reinforce the necessity of obtaining such data.... proposed missions such as the Plasma Observatory (PO) mission will be critical to advance our understanding of collisionless shock physics and associated particle energization. "



What ChatGPT thinks PO will do \rightarrow

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Wave analysis of event



Acceleration:

- Shock Acceleration
- Betatron \rightarrow Temperature anisotropy
- High amplitude electron whistler waves (Chorus) resonance

Scattering & Trapping:

- LF whistler waves (Shock)
- Wavefield of HFA's core
- Geometry of HFA with respect to Earth's bow shock

Particularly efficient acceleration:

 $\frac{U_{E}}{U_{I}} = \frac{\text{Energy density suprathermal electrons}}{\text{Energy density Solar Wind}} \sim 5 \%$

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See Artemyev+, Xiaofei+, Vargas + Tonoian+ (2022 – 2024)

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Statistics for seed and acceleration



Terry Liu+ (2017) noticed similar trends

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plasma

Location of SCs and IMF conditions



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Discussing new models



*In our case models, mechanisms, explanations etc.